etabs shear wall design example Document

etabs shear wall design example: A Comprehensive Guide to Shear Wall Design Using ETABS

Designing shear walls effectively is crucial for ensuring the lateral stability and seismic resilience of high-rise structures. ETABS, a popular structural analysis and design software, provides engineers with powerful tools to model, analyze, and design shear walls efficiently. In this article, we will walk through a detailed ETABS shear wall design example, covering all essential steps from modeling to reinforcement detailing, ensuring you gain practical insights into the process.

Understanding Shear Walls and Their Role in Structural Design

Before diving into the ETABS workflow, it's important to understand what shear walls are and why they are critical in structural engineering.

What Are Shear Walls?

- Vertical structural elements designed to resist lateral forces such as wind and seismic loads.
- Typically constructed from reinforced concrete or steel.
- Serve to transfer lateral loads to the foundation, reducing sway and increasing building stability.

Importance of Shear Wall Design

- Enhances stiffness and strength of the structure.
- Limits lateral displacements and drifts.
- Ensures safety during seismic events.
- Complies with building codes and standards.

Modeling Shear Walls in ETABS: Step-by-Step Procedure

An effective ETABS shear wall design begins with accurate modeling. Follow these steps to create a reliable model.

1. Define the Structural Geometry

- Create the building layout with all floors, columns, and walls.

- Set grid lines and story levels based on architectural plans.
- Include all relevant features like openings, stairs, and elevator cores.

2. Model the Shear Walls

- Use the "Wall" shell element for reinforced concrete shear walls.
- Draw the walls along the building's core or exterior perimeters as per design.
- Ensure walls are continuous through all stories to accurately capture behavior.
- Assign appropriate thickness, material properties, and boundary conditions.

3. Assign Material Properties and Section Properties

- Use standard concrete and reinforcement grades compliant with local codes.
- Input concrete strength (e.g., 30 MPa) and reinforcement details.
- Define wall cross-sectional dimensions and reinforcement layouts.

4. Define Loads and Load Combinations

- Apply gravity loads: dead loads and live loads.
- Apply lateral loads: wind and seismic forces based on local codes.
- Use ETABS' load combination feature to create relevant load scenarios, such as:
- Strength load combinations.
- Service load combinations.

5. Apply Supports and Boundary Conditions

- Fix the base supports to simulate foundation constraints.
- Model foundation interactions if necessary.

Analyzing the Model for Shear Wall Behavior

Once modeling is complete, proceed with analysis to evaluate shear wall performance.

1. Run the Structural Analysis

- Use ETABS? nonlinear and linear analysis options.

- Check for convergence and stability of the model.

2. Review Lateral Displacements and Drift

- Ensure that displacements are within permissible limits.
- Identify maximum drift ratios at each story.

3. Examine Shear Forces and Bending Moments

- Review the load transfer mechanisms within the shear walls.
- Identify critical regions for reinforcement detailing.

4. Check for Shear Wall Stresses and Cracking

- Use ETABS' capacity check features.
- Determine whether the walls are within allowable stress limits.

Designing Reinforcement for Shear Walls in ETABS

After analysis, the next step is designing reinforcement according to the results.

1. Determine Shear and Flexural Reinforcement

- Based on shear force demand, select appropriate shear reinforcement (stirrups).
- For bending moments, calculate the required flexural reinforcement (longitudinal bars).

2. Reinforcement Detailing

- Use ETABS? reinforcement design tools or export data for detailing.
- Ensure reinforcement spacing, development length, and anchorage are compliant with standards (e.g., ACI, IS codes).

3. Check for Detailing Compliance

- Confirm that reinforcement covers are adequate.

- Verify that stirrup spacing does not exceed code limits.
- Ensure proper placement of reinforcement around openings and at weak zones.

Design Optimization and Code Compliance

Designing shear walls isn't complete without optimizing for safety, economy, and code compliance.

1. Optimize Wall Thickness and Reinforcement

- Use ETABS' design optimization features to refine wall dimensions.
- Balance between wall thickness, reinforcement amount, and overall cost.

2. Ensure Compliance with Building Codes

- Cross-verify with local seismic and wind load provisions.
- Follow reinforcement detailing standards.

3. Perform Nonlinear and Pushover Analysis

- Conduct advanced analysis to assess the shear wall's capacity beyond elastic limits.
- Confirm the ductility and energy dissipation capacity.

Documenting and Detailing Shear Wall Design

Proper documentation is essential for construction and approvals.

1. Generate Reinforcement Drawings

- Use ETABS? reinforcement extraction tools.
- Prepare bar schedule and detailing drawings.

2. Prepare Structural Reports

- Summarize analysis results, load combinations, and reinforcement design.
- Include diagrams, reinforcement layouts, and sectional details.

3. Quality Assurance and Review

- Verify calculations and drawings.
- Coordinate with architects and other stakeholders.

Conclusion

An ETABS shear wall design example demonstrates the integration of modeling, analysis, and reinforcement detailing to ensure a structurally sound, code-compliant, and economical design. By following the step-by-step process outlined above, structural engineers can efficiently design shear walls capable of withstanding lateral forces, thereby enhancing the safety and performance of high-rise buildings. Mastery of ETABS tools and adherence to pertinent standards are key to successful shear wall design and implementation.

Remember: Always tailor the design process to project-specific requirements, local codes, and material properties. Regularly validate your model and design outputs through peer reviews and iterative analysis to achieve optimal results.

Etabs shear wall design example: A comprehensive guide for structural engineers

Designing shear walls using ETABS is a critical component in the structural analysis and design process of high-rise buildings and reinforced concrete structures. The Etabs shear wall design example provides a step-by-step approach to understanding how to model, analyze, and design shear walls effectively within the ETABS software environment. This guide aims to walk you through a detailed example, equipping you with practical insights and methodologies to confidently undertake shear wall design projects.

Introduction to Shear Walls and ETABS

What is a Shear Wall?

A shear wall is a vertical element in a structure that primarily resists lateral forces, such as wind or seismic loads. It enhances the stiffness and strength of a building, preventing excessive sway and ensuring the safety of occupants and structural integrity.

Why Use ETABS for Shear Wall Design?

ETABS (Extended Three-dimensional Analysis of Building Systems) is a powerful structural analysis and design software tailored for building structures. It simplifies complex modeling, analysis, and design tasks, making it an ideal choice for engineers working on shear wall projects.

Step-by-Step Shear Wall Design Example in ETABS

- Project Setup and Geometry Modeling

Define the Building Geometry

- Build the Structural Grid: Establish grid lines (e.g., along X and Y axes) for the building footprint.
- Set Building Dimensions: Define the number of stories, story heights, and plan dimensions.
- Place Shear Walls: Identify locations for shear walls?typically along building perimeter or core areas.

Model the Structural Elements

- Beams and Slabs: Model floor slabs and beams with appropriate thicknesses.
- Shear Walls: Model shear walls as vertical rigid or semi-rigid wall elements, ensuring they are continuous from foundation to top story.

- Material and Section Properties

Assign Materials

- Use standard concrete grades (e.g., M30, M40) and reinforcement steel grades (e.g., Fe 500).

Define Cross-Section Properties

- Shear Walls: Specify wall thickness (e.g., 200mm, 300mm), and assign reinforcement details if necessary.
- Beams and Columns: Define sizes and reinforcement as per design codes.

- Load Application

Dead Loads (DL)

- Self-weight of slabs, walls, beams, and finishes.

Live Loads (LL)

- Occupancy loads as per code (e.g., 3 kPa for residential floors).

Lateral Loads

- Wind Loads: Based on local wind speed data.
- Seismic Loads: Using seismic zone factors, importance factors, and response spectrum analysis.

Apply these loads as per relevant codes (e.g., IS 456, IS 1893).

- Load Combinations

Define load combinations considering ultimate limit state (ULS) and serviceability limit state (SLS). Typical combinations include:

- 1.2 DL + 1.5 LL
- 1.2 DL + 1.5 Wind
- 1.2 DL + 1.5 Seismic

- Structural Analysis

Run the analysis to determine:

- Displacements: Lateral and vertical shifts.
- Reactions: Support reactions and moments.
- Internal Forces: Shear forces, bending moments, and axial forces in walls and framing members.

- Design of Shear Walls

Check Shear Capacity

- Calculate the shear force at each level from analysis results.
- Determine the shear capacity of the wall section using code provisions.

Shear capacity formula (approximate):

$$ V_{u} = \tau_{c} \times b \times d $$

Where:

- V_{u} = factored shear force.
- τ_{c} = permissible shear stress (from code).
- b = width of the wall.
- d = effective depth.

Compare V_{u} with the shear capacity to ensure adequacy.

Check Flexural Capacity

- Determine the maximum bending moments.
- Design reinforcement accordingly, ensuring the wall can resist bending.

Reinforcement Detailing

- Provide adequate reinforcement for shear and flexure, considering code minimums and ductility.

- Detailing and Reinforcement Design

ETABS can generate reinforcement detailing for shear walls, but detailed drawings are usually prepared separately. Use the analysis results to:

- Specify reinforcement ratios.
- Detail reinforcement placement (longitudinal and transverse).
- Ensure proper anchorage and development lengths.

- Validation and Code Compliance

- Cross-verify results with code checks.
- Ensure that shear stresses, reinforcement ratios, and detailing meet local standards.
- Conduct capacity checks for shear, bending, and axial forces.

Best Practices and Tips for Shear Wall Design in ETABS

- Model Continuity: Ensure shear walls are continuous throughout the height for maximum effectiveness.
- Material Properties: Use realistic material strengths and reinforcement details.
- Load Application: Apply loads accurately, including dynamic effects if necessary.
- Mesh Refinement: Use appropriate meshing for capturing stress concentrations.
- Iterative Design: Adjust wall sizes and reinforcement based on analysis results to optimize performance and economy.
- Design Checks: Always perform manual checks alongside ETABS outputs for reliability.

Example Summary

To illustrate, consider a 10-storey reinforced concrete building with shear walls located along the perimeter. The process involves:

- Building the model geometry in ETABS.
- Assigning material and section properties.
- Applying dead, live, wind, and seismic loads.
- Running the analysis to obtain internal forces.
- Designing the shear walls to resist these forces based on code provisions.
- Validating the adequacy through capacity checks.

This example demonstrates the importance of integrating modeling, analysis, and design within ETABS for efficient shear wall engineering.

Conclusion

The Etabs shear wall design example presented here provides a structured approach to tackling shear wall design challenges in modern buildings. By following these steps?modeling accurately, applying loads correctly, analyzing thoroughly, and designing in accordance with codes?structural engineers can ensure both safety and economy in their designs. ETABS remains a valuable tool in

this process, enabling detailed analysis and facilitating compliance with complex design standards. With practice and attention to detail, engineers can leverage ETABS to create resilient, efficient, and code-compliant shear wall systems for a variety of building types.

QuestionAnswer What is the typical process for designing shear walls in ETABS? The typical process involves defining wall geometry, assigning material properties, applying boundary conditions, specifying load cases, and then running the analysis to evaluate shear forces, shear capacity, and deflections before designing the reinforcement accordingly. How do you model shear walls in ETABS for accurate analysis? Shear walls are modeled as composite wall or wall frame elements with proper boundary conditions, considering their thickness, material properties, and boundary supports. Use the 'Wall' tool in ETABS, assign appropriate section properties, and ensure proper load application for realistic behavior. What are common design checks performed for shear walls in ETABS? Common checks include verifying shear capacity against shear forces, axial load capacity, bending strength, and deflection limits. These ensure the shear wall can safely withstand applied loads and meet code requirements. How can I interpret the shear force distribution in ETABS for a shear wall? ETABS provides shear force diagrams and contour plots that show the distribution along the length and height of the wall. Analyzing these helps identify critical sections and reinforcement needs. What are the best practices for designing reinforcement for shear walls in ETABS? Best practices include using the analysis results to determine required reinforcement areas, ensuring reinforcement detailing meets code standards, and considering the shear wall's slenderness and boundary conditions for optimized reinforcement placement. Can ETABS automatically generate reinforcement details for shear walls? ETABS primarily provides structural analysis and design calculations; reinforcement detailing is often supplemented with tools like CPT (Concrete Plate and Wall Designer) or manual detailing. Some versions may offer reinforcement summaries, but detailed reinforcement layouts typically require additional software or manual detailing. How do load combinations affect shear wall design in ETABS? Load combinations influence the maximum shear forces and moments calculated in the analysis. Properly defining these ensures the shear wall is designed for all relevant load scenarios, leading to safe and economical reinforcement design. What are common errors to avoid when modeling shear walls in ETABS? Common errors include incorrect boundary condition assignments, inaccurate material property inputs, neglecting load combinations, and not considering the interaction between shear walls and other structural elements, which can lead to inaccurate results. Where can I find detailed ETABS shear wall design examples and tutorials? Detailed tutorials and examples are available in ETABS user manuals, online training courses, and engineering forums such as CSI Knowledge Base, YouTube tutorials, and structural engineering websites that offer step-by-step guides for shear wall design.

Related keywords: ETABS, shear wall design, structural analysis, seismic design, lateral load analysis, shear wall reinforcement, ETABS example, building stability, structural modeling, earthquake-resistant design

WALL DESIGN STRUCTUREMAG

wall design structuremag is a term gaining increasing prominence in the fields of architecture, interior design, and construction. It encompasses the innovative strategies, materials, and aesthetic principles used to develop functional, durable, and visually appealing wall structures. Whether renovating a commercial space, designing a modern home, or constructing a public building, understanding wall design structuremag is essential for creating environments that are both structurally sound and aesthetically compelling. This article explores the fundamentals of wall design structuremag, its key components, modern trends, and practical tips for effective implementation.

Understanding Wall Design Structuremag

Definition and Importance

Wall design structuremag refers to the comprehensive approach to planning and constructing wall systems within buildings. It involves selecting appropriate materials, structural techniques, and aesthetic elements to ensure walls serve their primary functions?support, separation, insulation, and decoration?while aligning with the overall architectural vision.

Walls are fundamental to building integrity, safety, and comfort. Proper design ensures they can withstand loads, resist environmental factors, and contribute to energy efficiency. Additionally, wall design influences acoustics, lighting, and visual flow within indoor spaces.

Components of Wall Design Structuremag

A well-designed wall system integrates several key components:

- **Structural Framework:** The skeleton that provides support, often made of steel, wood, or concrete.
- **Cladding Materials:** The outer layer that defines appearance and provides protection, including brick, stone, drywall, or composite panels.
- **Insulation:** Materials that improve thermal and acoustic performance, such as foam boards, mineral wool, or fiberglass.
- **Interior Finishes:** Surface treatments like paint, wallpaper, or paneling that enhance aesthetics.
- **Mechanical and Electrical Systems:** Integration of wiring, plumbing, and HVAC components within wall cavities.

Types of Wall Structures in Designmag

Understanding the different types of wall structures is crucial for selecting the right system for a project. The main types include:

Load-Bearing Walls

These walls support vertical loads from the roof and upper floors. They are typically constructed from brick, concrete, or reinforced masonry and are integral to the building's structural system.

Partition Walls

Primarily used to divide interior spaces, partition walls are non-load bearing and often lightweight, such as drywall or timber frames. They offer flexibility in interior design.

Shear Walls

Designed to resist lateral forces caused by wind or earthquakes, shear walls are reinforced and strategically placed to enhance building stability.

Exterior Walls

These form the building's envelope, providing insulation, weather resistance, and aesthetic appeal. They often combine structural elements with cladding materials.

Modern Trends in Wall Design Structuremag

The field of wall design is continuously evolving, influenced by technological advances, sustainability goals, and aesthetic innovations. Some notable trends include:

1. Sustainable and Eco-Friendly Materials

Increasing emphasis on green building practices has led to the adoption of sustainable materials such as reclaimed wood, recycled metal panels, and eco-friendly insulation options.

2. Modular and Prefabricated Wall Systems

Prefabrication allows for faster construction, improved quality control, and reduced waste. Modular walls can be easily assembled on-site and adapted for future modifications.

3. Incorporation of Smart Technologies

Smart walls equipped with sensors can monitor structural health, optimize lighting, or control

temperature, enhancing building functionality.

4. Aesthetic Versatility

Innovative materials like 3D textured panels, LED-integrated surfaces, and dynamic wall coverings enable architects and designers to create unique visual statements.

5. Focus on Acoustic Performance

With increasing demand for noise control in urban environments, wall designs now incorporate materials and structures that maximize soundproofing.

Practical Tips for Effective Wall Design Structuremag

Implementing successful wall designs involves careful planning and execution. Consider the following tips:

1. Conduct a Thorough Structural Analysis

Assess the load requirements, environmental conditions, and building codes to determine suitable wall types and materials.

2. Prioritize Insulation and Energy Efficiency

Choose insulation materials that match the climate zone and desired energy standards, reducing long-term operational costs.

3. Balance Aesthetics and Functionality

Select finishes and textures that align with the interior design theme while maintaining durability and ease of maintenance.

4. Integrate Systems Seamlessly

Plan for electrical, plumbing, and HVAC systems within wall cavities to avoid conflicts and ensure accessibility for maintenance.

5. Embrace Sustainability

Opt for eco-friendly materials, sustainable construction practices, and designs that facilitate recycling and reuse.

Advantages of Well-Designed Wall Structures

Investing in quality wall design structuremag offers numerous benefits:

- **Enhanced Structural Integrity:** Reduces the risk of failures and prolongs building lifespan.
- **Improved Energy Efficiency:** Proper insulation and airtight designs lower heating and cooling costs.
- **Better Acoustic Performance:** Minimizes noise pollution and enhances occupant comfort.
- **Increased Aesthetic Appeal:** Creates visually engaging spaces aligned with architectural goals.
- **Flexibility and Adaptability:** Modular systems allow for future modifications and expansions.

Conclusion

Understanding and implementing effective wall design structuremag is vital for creating buildings that are safe, sustainable, and visually compelling. From the choice of materials to the structural techniques and aesthetic details, each element plays a role in shaping the final environment. As modern construction continues to embrace innovation, sustainability, and technology, the future of wall design promises even more dynamic and functional solutions. Whether you are an architect, interior designer, or builder, staying informed about the latest trends and best practices in wall design structuremag will help you deliver exceptional projects that stand the test of time.

Wall Design StructureMag has emerged as a prominent resource and platform dedicated to innovative wall design and structural solutions within the construction and architectural industries. As a comprehensive publication, it caters to architects, designers, engineers, contractors, and industry enthusiasts eager to stay abreast of the latest trends, technological advancements, and best practices related to wall systems and structural design. With its rich content, detailed case studies, and expert insights, Wall Design StructureMag has positioned itself as an authoritative voice in the evolving landscape of building envelope and interior wall design.

Overview of Wall Design StructureMag

Wall Design StructureMag functions as a specialized magazine and online platform that delves into the complexities and innovations of wall systems. It encompasses a broad spectrum of topics, including exterior façade solutions, interior partitioning, sustainable wall materials, fire-resistant structures, and smart wall technologies. Its multidisciplinary approach ensures that readers can find information pertinent to various project types ? from high-rise commercial buildings to residential homes and institutional facilities.

The publication features in-depth articles, product reviews, industry news, and technical resources.

It also promotes dialogue among professionals through webinars, conferences, and networking opportunities. As industry standards evolve and new materials and methods are introduced, Wall Design StructureMag continues to serve as a vital educational and informational resource.

Key Features and Content Areas

- Innovative Wall System Technologies

One of the core strengths of Wall Design StructureMag is its focus on innovative wall system technologies. The magazine regularly highlights breakthroughs in materials, construction techniques, and design concepts that enhance building performance, aesthetics, and sustainability.

- Featured Technologies: Modular wall panels, curtain wall systems, prefabricated wall units, and advanced insulation methods.
- Case Studies: Detailed project analyses demonstrating real-world applications of new technologies.
- Expert Insights: Interviews with industry leaders pioneering novel wall solutions.

- Sustainability and Green Building Practices

As sustainability becomes a central concern in modern construction, Wall Design StructureMag dedicates significant coverage to eco-friendly wall designs.

- Materials: Focus on recycled, recyclable, and low-emission materials.
- Design Strategies: Incorporation of passive solar design, thermal insulation improvements, and green walls.
- Certification and Standards: Updates on LEED, WELL, and other green building certifications related to wall systems.

- Structural Integrity and Safety

Ensuring the structural integrity and safety of walls is critical, especially in high-risk environments or regions prone to natural disasters. The magazine provides insights into structural testing, fire-resistance, and seismic design considerations.

- Bulletproof Walls: Innovations in security walls for sensitive facilities.
- Fire-Resistant Systems: Materials and designs that enhance fire safety.
- Seismic Design: Techniques for earthquake-resistant wall structures.

- Aesthetic and Design Trends

Beyond functionality, wall design significantly impacts the aesthetics of a building. Wall Design StructureMag explores trends in interior and exterior wall aesthetics, including surface finishes, textures, lighting integration, and artistic murals.

- Material Combinations: Blending traditional and modern materials for visual interest.
- Lighting and Texture: Innovative ways to integrate lighting into wall surfaces.
- Custom Designs: Tailored solutions for unique architectural visions.

- Technical Resources and Guidelines

The publication offers technical resources, including CAD details, installation guides, and code compliance information, assisting professionals in accurate project execution.

- Design Guides: Step-by-step instructions for various wall systems.
- Code Updates: Clarification of building codes affecting wall design.
- Installation Best Practices: Ensuring durability and performance.

Advantages of Wall Design StructureMag

- Comprehensive Coverage: Addresses a wide range of topics from technical to aesthetic aspects.
- Industry Authority: Contributions from leading experts lend credibility and depth.
- Up-to-Date Content: Regular updates keep readers informed about latest innovations.
- Resource-Rich: Offers technical guides, product reviews, and case studies valuable for practitioners.
- Community Engagement: Opportunities for networking and professional development.

Limitations and Challenges

While Wall Design StructureMag offers numerous benefits, it also faces some limitations:

- Technical Complexity: Some content may be highly technical, requiring specialized knowledge.
- Subscription Cost: Premium content may require subscription fees, potentially limiting access for some users.
- Niche Focus: Its specialized focus might not appeal to broader construction audiences seeking general insights.
- Rapid Industry Changes: Keeping content current amidst rapid technological advancements is challenging and requires constant effort.

Who Should Read Wall Design StructureMag?

- Architects and Designers: To explore innovative design options and stay inspired.
- Structural Engineers: For insights into structural safety and new materials.
- Construction Managers and Contractors: To understand installation techniques and project management considerations.
- Material Suppliers and Manufacturers: To showcase products and gather industry feedback.
- Students and Educators: As an educational resource in architectural and engineering curricula.

Conclusion

Wall Design StructureMag stands out as a vital resource that bridges the gap between innovative wall technologies and practical application. Its comprehensive approach to covering structural, aesthetic, sustainable, and safety aspects makes it indispensable for industry professionals committed to advancing their understanding and implementation of wall systems. The magazine?s emphasis on technical accuracy, combined with its focus on emerging trends, ensures that its readership remains at the forefront of the field.

While it presents some challenges, such as technical density and subscription costs, the overall value it provides ? in terms of knowledge, inspiration, and technical support ? is considerable. For anyone involved in the design, construction, or management of wall systems, Wall Design StructureMag offers a wealth of resources that can contribute significantly to project success and industry innovation. As the built environment continues to evolve, platforms like Wall Design StructureMag will remain essential for fostering informed, creative, and sustainable architectural solutions.

QuestionAnswer What are the latest wall design trends featured in Structure Mag? Structure Mag highlights contemporary trends such as textured wall finishes, minimalist designs, and sustainable materials that are currently popular in wall design. How does Structure Mag suggest incorporating sustainable materials into wall design? The magazine recommends using eco-friendly materials like reclaimed wood, recycled metal, and low-VOC paints to create environmentally responsible wall designs. Are there innovative structural wall solutions discussed in recent issues of

Structure Mag? Yes, recent articles cover innovative solutions like modular wall systems, movable partitions, and smart wall technologies that enhance functionality and aesthetics. What are some common challenges in wall design addressed by Structure Mag? Challenges such as sound insulation, moisture resistance, and integrating electrical systems are frequently discussed, with expert tips on overcoming them. How does Structure Mag address the integration of wall design with overall building architecture? The magazine emphasizes cohesive design approaches that align wall aesthetics with structural integrity and architectural intent for harmonious spaces. What new materials or techniques in wall construction are featured in recent Structure Mag issues? Recent features include the use of 3D wall panels, adhesive-free installation methods, and innovative insulation techniques to improve durability and visual appeal. Can Structure Mag help architects and designers with ideas for commercial wall spaces? Absolutely, the magazine provides inspiration and practical advice for designing impactful commercial walls, including branding opportunities and functional partitions.

Related keywords: interior wall design, wall architecture, modern wall decor, structural wall ideas, wall design trends, decorative wall panels, wall finishing techniques, architectural wall elements, custom wall structures, wall design inspiration

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